S.M.A.R.T. Challenge quiz

Substance Misuse Awareness and **Recognition Tools**

Answer key

NOTE: These answers are based on information you were emailed during the S.M.A.R.T. Challenge.

- 1. Opioids are powerful pain relievers, but can be dangerous if they are used incorrectly.
 - True
 - □ False

2. Which of these are opioids?

- Codeine, morphine, oxycodone, hydrocodone
- Methadone and fentanvl
- □ Heroin
- All of the above
- 3. TRUE OR FALSE: A person can become addicted to objects, behaviors or activities like exercise.
 - True
 - □ False
- **4.** What puts a person at greater risk for a problem with drugs or addiction?
 - One or more parents had a drug, alcohol or other substance problem
 - Being from a family with a history of conflict and aggression
 - □ Having a parent with depression or mental health issues
 - All of the above
- 5. What is a sign someone has a problem with a substance, activity, object or behavior?
 - Does it over and over again and can't stop
 - Has jumpiness, trembling, sweating, nausea/vomiting, insomnia, depression, irritability, fatigue, loss of appetite or headaches
 - □ Hides it / denies a problem with it
 - □ Takes serious or unnecessary health risks
 - All of the above
- 6. TRUE OR FALSE: Opioids affect how your brain works.
 - 🗹 True
 - □ False



This information is meant to educate, not serve as medical advice. See your doctor for medical advice about your health

7. What signs should you look for to determine if kids and teens could be misusing drugs?

- Different behavior for no real reason withdrawn, hostile, depressed, always tired
- Different set of friends
- Missing classes or declining grades
- Escalating problems in relationships with friends and family
- All of the above

8. Approximately 25.3 million Americans have daily pain. What is chronic pain?

- Pain that's easily identified
- Pain that lasts longer than three to six months and can continue after the injury that caused it heals
- Pain that happens right after surgery or an injury

□ All of the above

- 9, TRUE OR FALSE: Any young person is vulnerable to a problem with substances, drugs, alcohol or tobacco, especially through life changes like puberty and adulthood.
 - True True
 - □ False
- **10.** Which of these are ways to treat pain besides using an opioid?
 - □ Medications that aren't addictive, including acetaminophen or ibuprofen
 - Cognitive behavioral therapy to change thought perceptions, behavioral and emotional triggers of pain and stress
 - Movement therapy, including physical therapy
 - Exercise, including yoga or Pilates
 - □ Acupuncture
 - □ Massage
 - All of the above

Thanks for taking the S.M.A.R.T. Challenge!

Did you ace the quiz? Remember to follow up with the challenge administrator to see if you won a prize!

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